#### Save Word co·ac·tive | \ kō-'ak-tiv () \ variants: or co-active

#### Definition of coactive

: acting in concurrence or together // coactive partners

coactive adjective

### **Towards a Co-active Oxfordshire**

# Co-creating a collective physical activity strategy in Oxfordshire

Update: May 2022

https://www.activeoxfordshire.org/creating-healthy-active-oxfordshire-together

# Contents

A: Co-creating a collective strategy

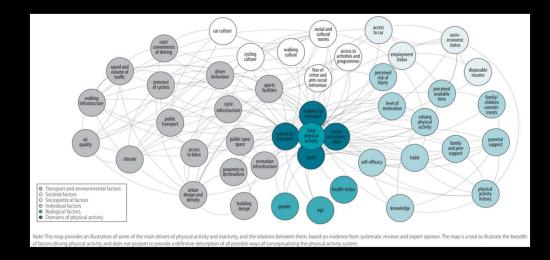
### **B: Emerging themes:**

- WHY is physical activity important to us? Finding our shared purpose
- 2. WHO & WHERE should we focus?
- 3. Shared AMBITIONS & GOALS
- 4. WHAT change do we need to affect?
- 5. HOW will we work together to change the system for activity?

# The need and value of a collective strategy for physical activity

### Why?

- Physical activity behaviours are influenced by a wide range of inter-connected factors, indicating the need for a system-change approach.
- Inactivity and wider inequalities are inextricably linked.
- The benefits reach beyond physical activity into wider social outcomes.
- The need for collaborative, distributed leadership & to make physical activity everyone's business.
- Lots of current good practice but a need for it to be better joined up.



### Why Now?

- The pandemic has highlighted the importance of activity for physical and mental wellbeing, but has also exacerbated existing inequalities and increased inactivity for many.
- a unique window of opportunity to build on the collaborations, partnerships and support networks that emerged during the crisis, and to move forward together with a collective vision, mission and renewed determination to make sure that every adult and child in Oxfordshire has an equal chance at an active life.

# What are we co-creating? Partners views...

A **high-level framework** that can be co-owned and focuses on the how as well as the what Use the process to continue to build and **extend the collaborative working** across the county Link **national to local** including links with relevant national strategies including Sport England's <u>Uniting the</u> Movement

Specific to the unique story of Oxfordshire, the opportunities, and system barriers and enablers.

A strengths-based approach that builds on and seek to pull together the many existing strategies current good practice, programmes and assets

A place-based approach that recognises the unique circumstances that impact on activity levels. Engagement of all stakeholders including local VCS organisations, giving a voice to those with **lived experience** 

It should support advocacy efforts and inform investment .....

# Strategy outline

Supporting pandemic recovery and reinventing for the future

(a flexible framework with a 5-year planning horizon?)

The creation of a **shared mission & purpose** that we co-own and are collectively responsible for.

The key **shared social outcomes and priorities** for Oxfordshire that physical activity can contribute more to, and the system enablers or barriers to being active.

The **shared priority audiences**, **places**, Communities and neighbourhoods we should collectively focus on.

**HOW** we want to work together and the approaches we want to adopt, such as system change, movement building and healthy place shaping as well as our collective approach to measurement, evaluation and learning.

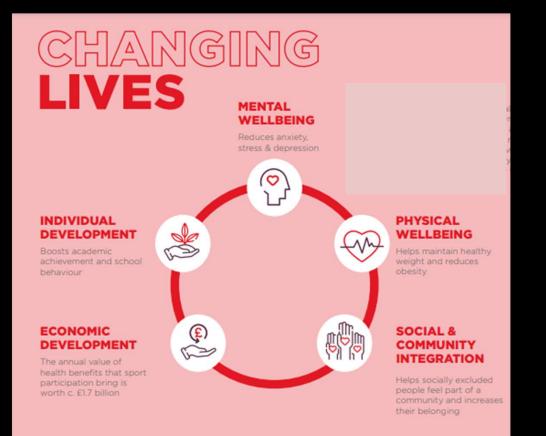
Shape **Active Oxfordshire's role** in supporting the delivery of the strategy, building on its role as system partner with Sport England.

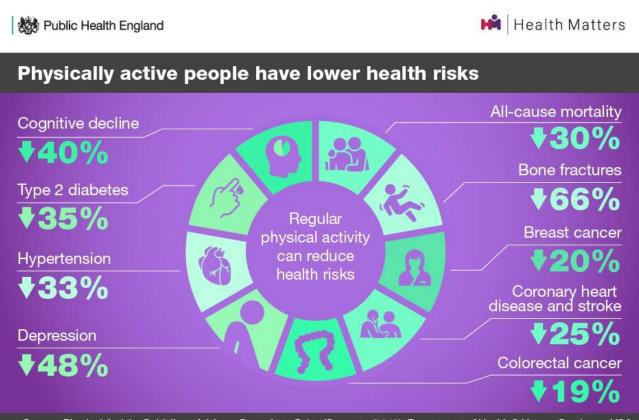
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# Emerging Themes... suggestions arising from early co-creation

# The value of being active





Source: Physical Activity Guidelines Advisory Committee Scientific report (2018); Department of Health & Human Services - USA

# The opportunity

#### The Economic opportunity gained by investing in physical activity

The forecasted value<sup>\*\*</sup> of every additional 10,000 people who we invest in to become regularly active, will save: \*\* Based on Sheffield Hallam and Sport England Report, 2021



Value of changes in productivity, with a reduced risk of developing long term health conditions and instead developing good health



Savings in health and social care, with improved life satisfaction and social capital derived from social networks

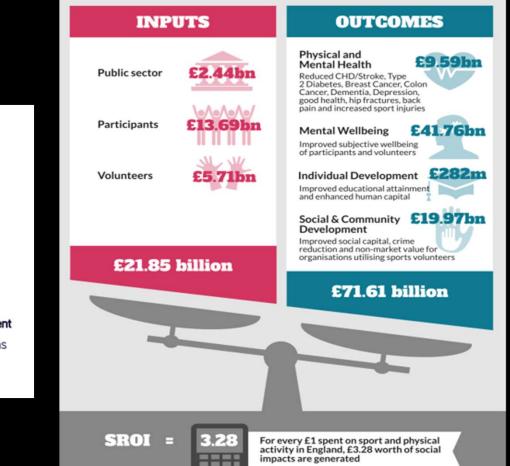


#### On Social and Community Development

Savings in criminal justice systems and the non-market benefits acquired by organisations using sports volunteers

### SROI for Sport and Physical Activity in England

Base Model - 2017/18



# But inactivity and inequality in Oxfordshire is increasing

As with other areas of life in Oxfordshire, the countywide figures on activity are strong, but conceal significant disparities and inequality. Many of these have been exacerbated through the pandemic.

almost half of children and young people and a third of adults in Oxfordshire do not children living in the most deprived areas are more than twice as likely to be meet CMO activity levels. obese than those living in the least inactivity is 3 times higher in our poorest deprived areas (NCMP) areas compared to our wealthiest (active lives) too many children leave primary school children from low-income households unable to swim and cycle safely. are 4 times as likely to experience mental health problems as children 84% of children in North Oxford are able from higher income families (Oxwell -check) to swim, in Cowley only 30% can swim.

What would you highlight or like to explore further?





#### RECOVER AND REINVENT

Recovering from the biggest crisis in a generation and reinventing as a vibrant, relevant and sustainable network of organisations providing sport and physical activity opportunities that meet the needs of different people.



#### CONNECTING COMMUNITIES

Focusing on sport and physical activity's ability to make better places to live and bring people together.



#### POSITIVE EXPERIENCES FOR CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE

An unrelenting focus on positive experiences for all children and young people as the foundations for a long and healthy life.



#### CONNECTING WITH HEALTH AND WELLBEING

Strengthening the connections between sport, physical activity, health and wellbeing, so more people can feel the benefits of, and advocate for, an active life.



#### **ACTIVE ENVIRONMENTS**

Creating and protecting the places and spaces that make it easier for people to be active.

Utilising national approaches where relevant to Oxfordshire

#### ISPAH'S EIGHT INVESTMENTS THAT WORK FOR PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

### 8 INVESTMENTS FOR PHYSICAL ACTIVITY



Significant New Consensus Statement: The Benefits outweigh the risks (for people with LTHC)

One in four people would be more active if advised by a GP or nurse.

But nearly three-quarters of GPs don't speak about the benefits of physical activity to their patients because of either a lack of knowledge, skills or confidence, with 80% reporting being unfamiliar with the national physical activity guidelines.

Almost 50% of GPs indicated that a barrier to effectively advising patients about physical activity were concerns by the patient about perceived risks of taking up physical activity, but this is a recognised barrier across healthcare professions and not just those in primary care. "There has previously been some concern that long-term conditions could be made worse by physical activity. However, the evidence is that physical activity has an important role to play in preventing and treating many conditions and that, for most people with long-term conditions, the benefits outweigh the risks. This expert consensus, supported by the Office for Health Improvement and Disparities, will help healthcare professionals to have informed, personal conversations with their patients living with long-term conditions."

Dr Jeanelle de Gruchy, Deputy Chief Medical Officer

# 1. The benefits outweigh the risks

Physical activity is safe, even for people living with symptoms from multiple medical conditions.

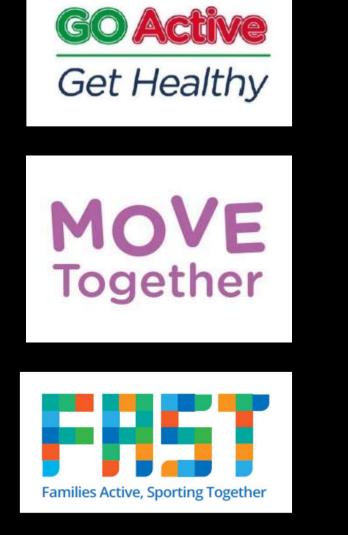




Healthy

Oxfordshire

Place Shaping



# Active Bodies, Healthy Minds

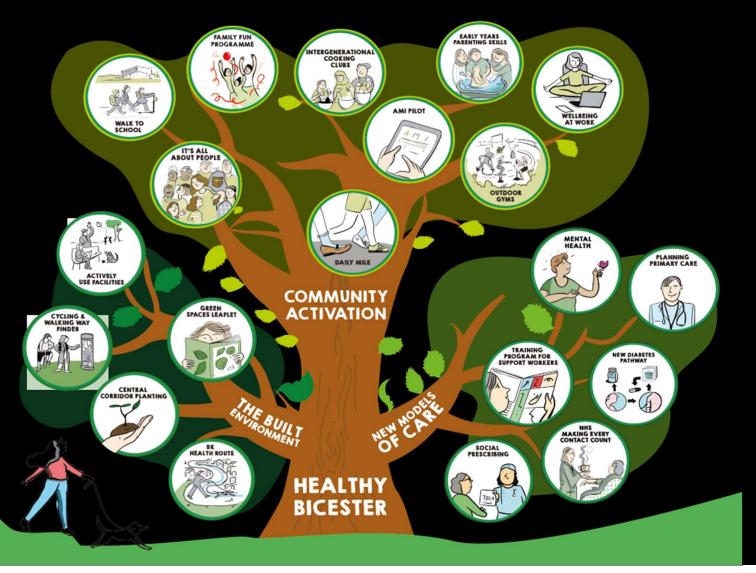
Improving our mental wellbeing through physical activity



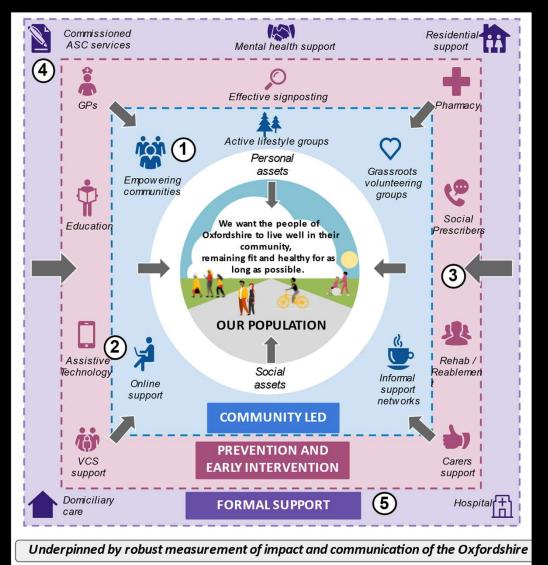
Robust independent evaluation and learning programmes are in place to learn from current practice and inform future direction.

Learning from and building on emerging system change practice in the county

### Healthy Place Shaping



### The Oxfordshire Way



### How can physical activity help tackle the big strategic issues in Oxfordshire?

### Physical & Mental Health & Social Care

- Mental ill health, especially amongst young people
- Deconditioning especially amongst older people
- Long term health conditions & waiting lists
- Childhood obesity
- Aging population & social care

### Environment & tackling the climate emergency

- Pollution & congestion
- Aging & carbon intensive leisure facilities
- Access to the natural Environment

### Using physical activity to support recovery & wellbeing

by tackling health, educational, economic & social inequalities in Oxfordshire

### **Stronger Communities**

- Loneliness and isolation
- Homelessness
- Voluntary sector strained
- Regular volunteering disrupted

Education & positive outcomes for children & young People

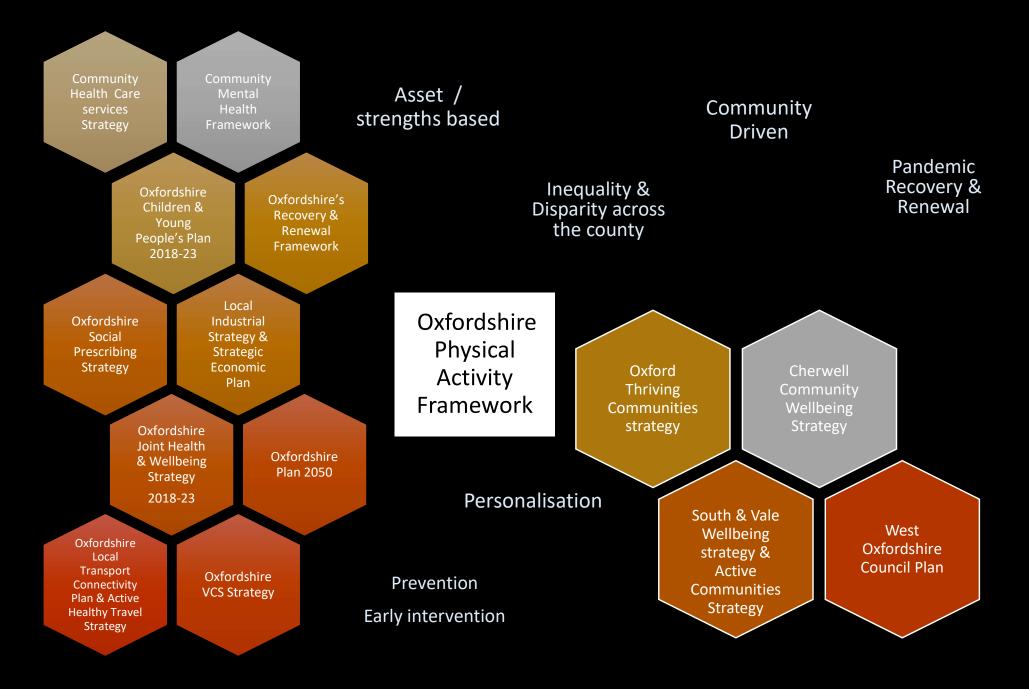
- Early years
- Educational catch up & widening inequalities
- Cost of living especially for low income families

# Economic Recovery & inclusive growth

- Workforce health impact on productivity and shortening working life
- Housing & growth infrastructure / Built environment for physical activity
- Employability (skills and health) of those outside the labour market

### **Common themes**

Physical activity framework aligning with other strategies in the county



## Strengths, challenges & opportunities for physical activity in Oxfordshire

Active ambassadors with lived experience	Vibrant sport sector Increased recognition of the value of Community engagement with increased	Work with sport sector to create more inclusive opportunities	Integrate activity into new county youth offer Rethinking LA Leisure facility	Complex and changing health landscape not yet promoting activity in primary and secondary care	Physical activity not yet embedded within mainstream mental health services
Healthy Place Shaping learning & practice	capacity and community based provision of services World leading education including sporting	Build activity into the Oxfordshire way – shift from care to coaching	contracts & model Increase access to green space & use of the natural environment	Covid pandemic disrupted and changed physical activity habits especially for shielding groups, increasing deconditioning	Concerns about risk of activity for people
Promising collaborative practice eg FAST, GAGH, Move together, Walking for wellbeing programmes	infrastructure Vibrant voluntary & community sector	Pandemic highlighted the value of activity amongst public and stakeholders eg to tackle Loneliness &	New digital channels and tools accelerated by the pandemic Opportunity to scale up	Aging population & culture that does not encourage independence and activity	with Long term health conditions Lack inclusive mainstream activity
Green space & Natural environment eg AONB, RoW, River	Increasing advocates of activity in other sectors eg Oxfordshire Mind	Isolation, obesity etc Increase access to education sporting infrastructure	and embed local good practice programmes Emerging health structures with increased focus on prevention & activity	Significant inequality & disparity limits opportunities to be active	opportunities (perceived or real) (including for peopl with disabilities)
Growing cross sector collaboration	Third sector champions for active environments	medicine resources and an activity pathway for people	Strengthening VCS coalition More health and activity in inclusive economic evelopment & housing growt	Aging leisure facilities with increasing costs, challenging financial model & workforce shortages	Lack access to leisure facilities, green space education facilities et

Strengths & Assets

**Opportunities** 

### Challenges

# our emerging SHARED PURPOSE?

- Growing focus on enhancing 'wellbeing' as our binding purpose?
- Maintaining our focus on the least active and fighting inactivity?
- With a laser-like focus on tackling **inequalities** in and through physical activity.

# WHO and WHERE?

- Inactive people with a particular focus on low income families, people with long term health conditions, vulnerable young and older people\*
- Greater recognition of intersectionality, (perhaps reinforcing a focus on low income groups and deprived communities?)
- A more specific and targeted approach to a broader range of smaller priority neighbourhoods?

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SHARED AMBITIONS & GOALS? We want every child facing barriers to activity to learn to swim, ride a bike safely, and have 60 active minutes every day.

We want older people in Oxfordshire to stay active to live longer, better.

We want everyone living with long term health conditions to move more to help manage their condition.

We want everyone to recognise the critical importance of being active for their mental health and wellbeing.

We want to increase activity levels in places of highest deprivation to level the playing field and help create healthy places to live.

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# WHAT change do we need to affect to the system for activity?

- Increase provision and awareness of inclusive sport and physical activity opportunities
- Enhance movement and activity within early years settings.
- Broaden the focus from PE and sport to creating active healthy schools & other educational settings.
- Create year-round, low-cost activity (and healthy food) opportunities for low-income children and families.
- Embed sport and physical activity into emerging new county youth offer.
- Embed activity in social prescribing and health care pathways for people with long term health conditions
- Help the county community mental health framework prioritise physical activity in the prevention and treatment of mental health conditions
- Embed physical activity within 'The Oxfordshire Way' to ensure clear provision for older and vulnerable adults.
- Scale and embed healthy place shaping and strengthen the role of physical activity.
- Highlight the importance of health and physical activity in economic development for workforce productivity and employability.
- Use Moving Medicine resources to support the health care and other front-line roles and develop a stronger and more diverse physical activity workforce.

HOW will we work together to change the system for activity?

- More collaborative, place-based, strengths-based work <u>with communities</u>
- Strengthen connections with emerging health structures and workforce
- Shared approaches to measurement, evaluation & learning
- Enabling Systems leadership and thinking
- Growing a social movement for physical activity

such a right is thought to exist). Uf

movement (mu:vm(e)nt)/ noun:
1. A group of people who come together to advance an idea.
2. Coordinated activities that work toward a shared objective.
3. A societal shift where people change the way they think and act.

# Where next?

 Reflections, feedback,
 Ongoing engagement and

 refinement and agreement
 Ongoing links across the

 of framework headlines
 system to co-create the

 future together
 future together

Deep dive sessions into key thematic areas

Exploring further if / how we grow a social movement together .....

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